



Grain Transportation Report

A weekly publication of the Transportation and Marketing Programs/Transportation Services Branch www.ams.usda.gov/tmdtsb/grain

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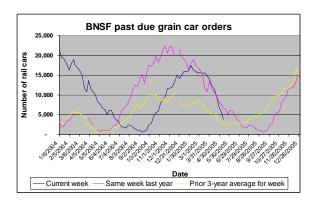
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Subscription Information

The next release is May 26, '05

Short Missouri River Barge Season May Also Impact Mississippi River Traffic. On-going drought conditions throughout the upper Missouri River Basin have continued to disrupt barge traffic on that river. The Missouri River navigation season will likely be shortened by 61 days, ending approximately October 1 instead of the typical December 1, potentially making this season the shortest on record. While there will be minimum service levels for navigation, there will be sufficient flows for drinking water, power plant intakes, and most river recreation activities. The shortened season should not have much impact on agriculture since the river handles relatively small volumes of agricultural traffic. However, since flows from the Missouri River comprise more than 60 percent of the water in the middle Mississippi River (between St. Louis, Missouri and Cairo, Illinois) during late summer/early fall, navigation on the Mississippi could be compromised. An inch of water loss on the Mississippi means that a 30-barge tow leaving St. Louis must decrease its total tonnage by 510 tons or about 22 semi-trucks. According to the Inland Waterways Users Board, if flows from the Missouri River become unreliable, either agricultural just-in-time markets will evaporate, or more traffic will move by truck/train. https://www.nwd.usace.army.mil/pa/news-rls/releases/; http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/newusersboard/ Nick.Marathon@USDA.gov

Railroads Making Rapid Progress on Past Due Grain Car Orders. On May 13, 2005, BNSF reports 3,864 guaranteed grain cars past due an average of 12.1 days (see figure). This compares with 6,728 cars past due an average of 12.9 days the same week last year and the prior 3-year average of 2,816 cars past due an average of 7.3 days. BNSF expects to receive 3,000 new grain cars during 2005 at the rate of 300 each month through October. This added capacity will help reduce the current backlog and enable BNSF to haul more grain during the 2005 harvest.



Union Pacific (UP) reports 1,500 guaranteed grain cars past due 5-10 days. All of the late cars are for single car orders. UP reports that grain car deliveries for unit- and shuttle-train orders are on time. UP operations are beginning to recover from service delays caused by the early retirement of train crew members, rail line and switching terminal congestion, and lack of equipment to handle unexpected demand. This is indicated by increasing grain train speeds, decreased terminal dwell times, and fewer cars online. UP has taken delivery of the first 238 of the 610 new grain cars that are expected to be delivered by the end of July. UP also expects to be fully staffed with engineers by the end of June. Marvin.Prater@USDA.gov

North Dakota to File Rail Rate Appeal. North Dakota plans to file the first small rail rate case against BNSF on behalf of its grain shippers by the end of this year. The rate appeal will be the first using the Surface Transportation Board's (STB) simplified small case procedures, which were developed 10 years ago. STB developed the simplified procedures to provide a lower cost rate appeals alternative for those shippers transporting smaller quantities. Until now, no shipper has attempted an appeal using these simplified procedures because the rules are perceived to be unworkable and to not provide enough certainty that the returns will exceed the costs.

A successful rate appeal could reduce North Dakota rail rates by as much as 15 cents per bushel. For every cent the rail rates are reduced, \$2.5 million in revenue is expected to be returned to North Dakota producers. Dakota grain shippers pay some of the highest rail rates in the Nation, averaging 73 cents per bushel, with revenue-to-variable cost ratios often exceeding 300 percent (Rail Business, May 9, 2005). Marvin.Prater@USDA.gov

Grain Transportation Indicators

Table 1--Grain transport cost indicators*

	Truck	Rail	Barge	Oc	cean
Week ending				Gulf	Pacific
05/18/05	147	77	139	243	192
Compared with last week	↓	↓	†	↓	↓

*Indicator: Base year 2000 = 100; Weekly updates include truck = diesel (\$/gallon); rail = nearby secondary rail market (\$/car);

 $barge = spot \ Illinois \ River \ basis \ (index = percent \ of \ tariff \ rate); \ and \ ocean = routes \ to \ Japan \ (\$/metric \ ton)$

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Table 2--Market update: U.S. origins to export position price spreads (\$/bushel)

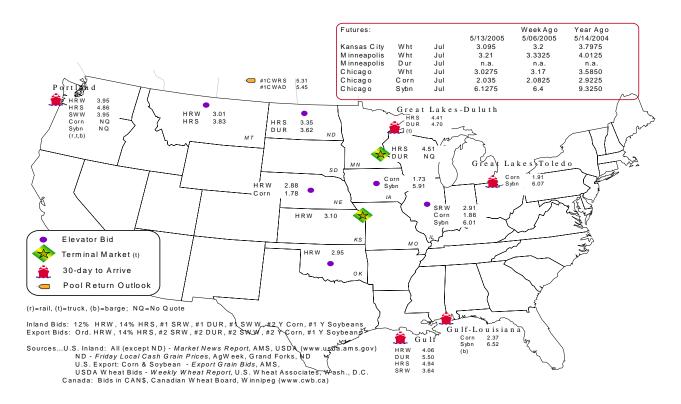
Commodity	Origindestination	5/13/2005	5/6/2005
Corn	ILGulf	-0.51	-0.49
Corn	NEGulf	-0.59	-0.62
Soybean	IAGulf	-0.61	-0.65
HRW	KSGulf	-0.96	-0.97
HRS	NDPortland	-1.51	-1.48

Note: nq = no quote

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

The **grain bid summary** illustrates the market relationships for commodities. Positive and negative adjustments in differential between terminal and futures markets, and the relationship to inland market points, are indicators of changes in fundamental market supply and demand. The map may be used to monitor market and time differentials.

Figure 1 **Grain bid summary**



Rail Transportation

Table 3--Rail deliveries to port (carloads)*

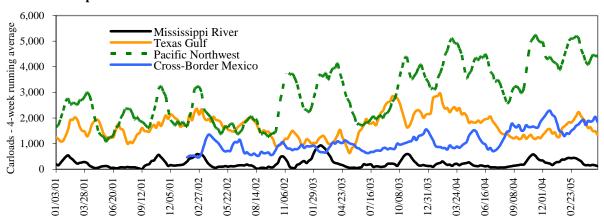
			Cross-Border	Pacific	Atlantic &	
Week ending	Mississippi Gulf	Texas Gulf	Mexico	Northwest	East Gulf	Total
05/11/2005 ^p	118	1,075	1,261	4,513	74	7,041
05/04/2005 ^r	193	1,828	1,965	4,220	48	8,254
2005 YTD	5,496	32,520	32,051	86,023	6,931	163,021
2004 YTD	3,784	44,176	19,179	80,003	3,485	150,627
2005 as % of 2004	145	74	167	108	199	108
Total 2004	10,475	92,073	67,992	209,625	10,986	391,151
Total 2003**	14,843	88,194	48,805	157,125	20,509	329,476

^(*) Incomplete Data; as of 9/22/04, Cross-Border movements included; (**) Excludes 53rd week; YTD = year-to-date; p = preliminary data; r = revised data

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

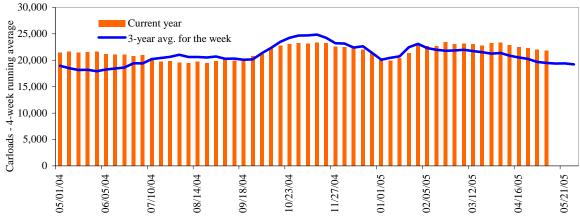
Railroads originate approximately 40 percent of U.S. grain shipments. Trends in these loadings are indicative of market conditions and expectations.

Figure 2 **Rail deliveries to port**



Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Figure 3 **Total weekly U.S. grain car loadings for Class I railroads**



Source: Association of American Railroads

Table 4--Class I rail carrier grain car bulletin (grain carloads originated)

	E	ast		West		U.S. total	Cai	nada
Week ending	CSXT	NS	BNSF	KCS	UP		CN	CP
05/07/05	2,498	3,125	8,578	665	5,760	20,626	4,223	4,427
This week last year	2,569	3,311	8,459	312	6,620	21,271	5,175	4,091
2005 YTD	55,135	61,973	170,556	11,673	108,896	408,233	80,371	71,764
2004 YTD	52,620	59,415	167,135	9,543	119,839	408,552	86,211	64,594
2005 as % of 2004	105	104	102	122	91	100	93	111
Total 2004	142,206	169,650	458,587	27,618	327,510	1,125,571	237,664	210,060

Source: Association of American Railroads (www.aar.org); YTD = year-to-date

Table 5--Rail car auction offerings, week ending 5/14/05 (\$/car)*

Delivery for:	Jun. 05	Jul. 05	Aug. 05
BNSF ¹			
COT/N. grain	\$0	\$64	\$107
COT/S. grain	\$0	\$89	\$134
UP^2			
GCAS/Region 1	no bid	no bid	no offer
GCAS/Region 2	no bid	\$18	no offer

^{*}Average premium/discount to tariff, last auction

N includes: ID, MN, MT, ND, OR, SD, WA, WI, WY, and Manitoba, Canada.

S includes: CO, IA, IL, KS, MO, NE, OK, TX, NM, AZ, CA, UT, and NV.

Region 1 includes: AR, IL, LA, MO, NM, OK, TX, WI, and Duluth, MN.

Region 2 includes: CO, IA, KS, MN, NE, WY, and Kansas City and St. Joseph, MO.

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

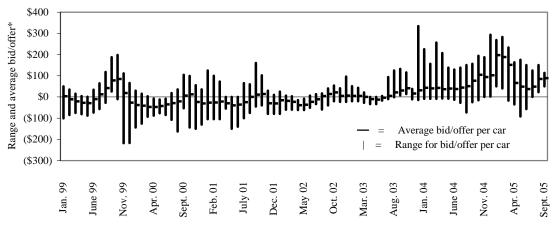
Rail service may be ordered directly from the railroad via **auction** for guaranteed service or tariff for nonguaranteed service or through the secondary market.

¹BNSF - COT = Certificate of Transportation

²UP - GCAS = Grain Car Allocation System

The **secondary rail market** information reflects trade values for service that was originally purchased from the railroad carrier as some form of guaranteed freight. The **auction and secondary rail** values are indicators of rail service quality and demand/supply.

Figure 4
Secondary rail car market, delivery month-year



*up to 6 months of trading

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Average bid/offer is the simple average of all the weekly bids/offers over the entire period (up to 6 months) for guaranteed railcars that are traded for delivery in a particular month.

Range for bid/offer shows the range of average weekly bids/offers over the entire period (up to 6 months) for guaranteed railcars that are traded for delivery in a particular month.

Table 6--Weekly secondary rail car market, week ending 5/14/05 (\$/car)*

	Delivery period					
	Jun-05	Jul-05	Aug-05	Sep-05		
BNSF-GF	\$21	\$59	\$98	\$100		
Change from last week	\$1	\$0	\$6	\$0		
UP-Pool	-\$57	\$35	\$83	\$113		
Change from last week	-\$9	\$18	-\$12	\$0		

^{*}Average premium/discount to tariff, \$/car-last week

Note: Bids listed are market INDICATORS only & are NOT guaranteed prices,

 $Missing\ value = no\ bid\ quoted;\ GF = guaranteed\ freight;\ Pool = guaranteed\ pool$

Sources: Transportation and Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

 $Data\ from\ Atwood/ConAgra,\ Harvest\ States\ Co-op,\ James\ B.\ Joiner\ Co.,\ Tradewest\ Brokerage\ Co.$

Table 7--Tariff rail rates for unit and shuttle train shipments*

Effective date:					
5/2/2005	Origin region	Destination region	Rate/car	Rate/metric ton	Rate/bushel**
<u>Unit train*</u>					
Wheat	Chicago, IL	Albany, NY	\$1,861	\$20.51	\$0.56
	Kansas City, MO	Galveston, TX	\$1,920	\$21.16	\$0.58
	South Central, KS	Galveston, TX	\$2,335	\$25.74	\$0.70
	Minneapolis, MN	Houston, TX	\$2,420	\$26.68	\$0.73
	St. Louis, MO	Houston, TX	\$2,245	\$24.75	\$0.67
	South Central, ND	Houston, TX	\$3,484	\$38.40	\$1.05
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$4,198	\$46.27	\$1.26
	South Central, ND	Portland, OR	\$4,198	\$46.27	\$1.26
	Northwest, KS	Portland, OR	\$4,266	\$47.02	\$1.28
	Chicago, IL	Richmond, VA	\$2,002	\$22.07	\$0.60
Corn	Chicago, IL	Baton Rouge, LA	\$2,510	\$27.67	\$0.70
	Council Bluffs, IA	Baton Rouge, LA	\$2,370	\$26.12	\$0.66
	Kansas City, MO	Dalhart, TX	\$1,965	\$21.66	\$0.55
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,600	\$39.68	\$1.01
	Evansville, IN	Raleigh, NC	\$1,791	\$19.74	\$0.50
	Columbus, OH	Raleigh, NC	\$1,700	\$18.74	\$0.48
	Council Bluffs, IA	Stockton, CA	\$3,606	\$39.75	\$1.01
Soybeans	Chicago, IL	Baton Rouge, LA	\$2,455	\$27.06	\$0.74
	Council Bluffs, IA	Baton Rouge, LA	\$2,315	\$25.52	\$0.69
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,610	\$39.79	\$1.08
	Evansville, IN	Raleigh, NC	\$1,791	\$19.74	\$0.54
	Chicago, IL	Raleigh, NC	\$2,391	\$26.36	\$0.72
Shuttle Train*					
Wheat	St. Louis, MO	Houston, TX	\$1,895	\$20.89	\$0.57
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,948	\$43.52	\$1.18
Corn	Fremont, NE	Houston, TX	\$2,665	\$29.38	\$0.75
	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,450	\$38.03	\$0.97
Soybeans	Council Bluffs, IA	Houston, TX	\$2,785	\$30.70	\$0.84
-	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,410	\$37.59	\$1.02

^{*}A unit train refers to shipments of at least 52 cars. Shuttle train rates are available for qualified shipments of more than 100 cars that meet railroad efficiency requirements.

 $Sources:\ www.bnsf.com,\ www.cpr.ca,\ www.csx.com,\ www.uprr.com$

^{**}Approximate load per car = 100 short tons: corn 56 lbs./bu., wheat & soybeans 60 lbs./bu.

Table 8--Tariff rail rates for U.S. bulk grain shipments to the U.S.-Mexico border

Effective da	nte:					
5/2/2005	Origin state	Border crossing region	Train size	Rate/car 1	Rate/metric ton	Rate/bushel**
Wheat	KS	Brownsville, TX	Shuttle	\$2,742	\$28.02	\$0.76
	ND	Eagle Pass, TX	Shuttle	\$5,399	\$55.17	\$1.50
	OK	El Paso, TX	Shuttle	\$2,155	\$22.02	\$0.60
	OK	El Paso, TX	Unit	\$2,241	\$22.90	\$0.62
	AR	Laredo, TX	Unit	\$2,165	\$22.12	\$0.60
	IL	Laredo, TX	Shuttle	\$2,970	\$30.35	\$0.83
	MT	Laredo, TX	Shuttle	\$4,298*	\$58.14	\$1.58
	TX	Laredo, TX	Shuttle	\$2,056	\$21.01	\$0.57
	MO	Laredo, TX	Unit	\$2,622	\$26.79	\$0.73
	WI	Laredo, TX	Unit	\$3,188	\$32.57	\$0.89
Corn	NE	Brownsville, TX	Shuttle	\$3,104	\$31.72	\$0.80
	NE	Brownsville, TX	Unit	\$3,537*	\$36.14	\$0.92
	IA	Eagle Pass, TX	Shuttle	\$3,334	\$34.07	\$0.86
	MO	Eagle Pass, TX	Shuttle	\$3,040*	\$31.06	\$0.79
	NE	Eagle Pass, TX	Shuttle	\$3,440*	\$35.15	\$0.89
	IA	Laredo, TX	Unit	\$3,258	\$33.29	\$0.84
Soybean	IA	Brownsville, TX	Shuttle	\$2,880	\$29.43	\$0.80
•	MN	Brownsville, TX	Shuttle	\$3,176	\$32.45	\$0.88
	NE	Brownsville, TX	Shuttle	\$2,688	\$27.47	\$0.75
	NE	Eagle Pass, TX	Shuttle	\$2,765	\$28.25	\$0.77
	IA	Laredo, TX	Unit	\$2,918	\$29.82	\$0.81

A unit train refers to shipments of at least 52 cars. Shuttle train are available for qualified shipments of more than 100 cars that meet railroad efficiency requirements.

Sources: www.bnsf.com, www.uprr.com

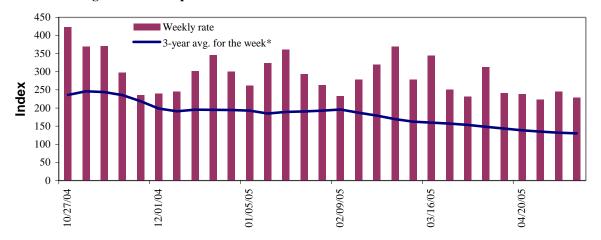
¹Rates are based upon published tariff rates for high-capacity rail cars.

^{*}High-capacity rate not available, rate estimated using published low-capacity tariff rate x 1.08

^{**}Approximate load per car = 97.87 metric tons: Corn 56 lbs/bu, Wheat & Soybeans 60 lbs/bu

Barge Transportation

Figure 5
Illinois River barge rate index - quotes



Note: Index = percent of tariff rate; *4-week moving average Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

The **Illinois River barge rate index** averaged 183 percent of the **benchmark tariff rates** between 1999 and 2001, based on weekly market quotes. The **index**, along with **rate quotes** and **futures market** bids are indicators of grain transport supply and demand.

Table 9--Barge rate quotes: southbound barge freight

Location	5/11/2005	5/4/2005	June '05	Aug. '05
Twin Cities	252	263	269	307
Mid-Mississippi	231	237	250	290
Illinois River	229	245	244	274
St. Louis	195	214	208	259
Lower Ohio	186	189	208	263
Cairo-Memphis	167	171	188	249

Index = percent of tariff, based on 1976 tariff benchmark rate Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Benchmark tariff rates

Calculating barge rate per ton:

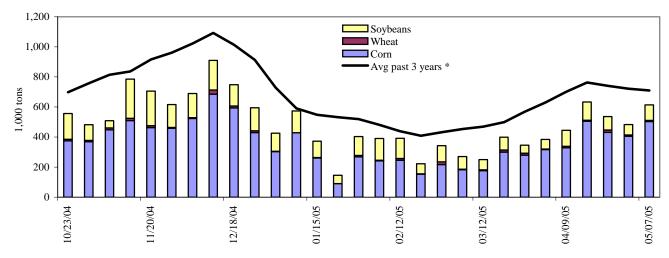
(Index * 1976 tariff benchmark rate per ton)/100

Select applicable index from market quotes included in tables on this page. The 1976 benchmark rates per ton are provided in map (see figure 6).

Note: The Illinois barge rate is for Beardstown, IL, La Grange Lock & Dam (L&D 8).



 $\label{eq:Figure 7} \textbf{Barge movements on the Mississippi River (Locks~27-Granite~City, IL)}$



^{* 4-}week moving average

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Table 10--Barge grain movements (1,000 tons)

Week ending 5/07/2005	Corn	Wheat	Soybean	Other	Total
Mississippi River					
Rock Island, IL (L15)	119	10	22	8	158
Winfield, MO (L25)	299	13	88	11	410
Alton, IL (L26)	516	13	106	11	645
Granite City, IL (L27)	503	8	103	6	620
Illinois River (L8)	121	0	17	0	139
Ohio River (L52)	69	6	12	2	88
Arkansas River (L1)	0	10	4	0	14
2005 YTD	7,020	517	2,916	266	10,719
2004 YTD	8,178	941	2,013	304	11,436
2005 as % of 2004 YTD	86	55	145	88	94
Total 2004	26,235	2,701	6,784	843	36,563

YTD (year-to-date) and calendar year total includes Miss/27, Ohio/52, and Ark/1.

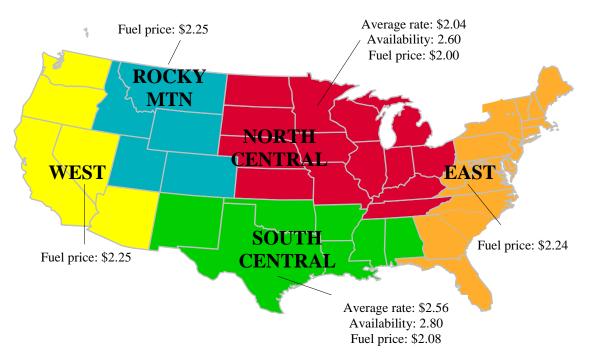
"Other" refers to oats, barley, sorghum, and rye.

 $Source:\ U.S.\ Army\ Corp\ of\ Engineers\ (www.mvr.usace.army.mil/mvrimi/omni/webrpts/default.asp)$

Note: Total may not add exactly, due to rounding

Truck Transportation

Figure 8
U.S. grain truck market advisory, 1st quarter 2005*



^{*}Average rate per loaded mile, based on truck rates for trips of 25, 100, and 200 miles

Note: Fuel prices are a quarterly average (unit per gallon)

Fuel price data source: Energy Information Administration, U.S. Department of Energy, www.eia.doe.gov

Table 11--U.S. grain truck market overview, 1st quarter 2005

Paris / www. 14-*		Ι ΄			TD	F-4414-4-
Region/commodity*	25 miles	100 miles	200 miles	Truck availability	Truck activity	Future truck activity
				Rating com	pared to same quart	er last year
		Rate per mile		1=Very easy	1=M	uch lower
		P		to		to
				5=Very difficult	5=M	uch higher
National average ¹	2.91	1.96	1.73	2.6	2.6	2.9
North Central region ²	2.65	1.89	1.59	2.6	2.8	3.1
Corn	3.25	2.37	2.01	2.9	2.4	3.1
Wheat	1.52	1.44	1.39	2.6	2.9	2.9
Soybean	3.25	2.37	2.01	2.7	2.7	3.2
South Central region ²	3.34	2.25	2.08	2.8	2.1	2.4
Corn	3.02	2.19	1.98	2.8	2.0	2.0
Wheat	3.13	2.18	2.08	3.0	2.3	2.7
Soybean	4.71	2.32	2.06	2.3	2.0	2.3

Rates are based on trucks with 80,000 lb weight limit

Source: Transportation and Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

^{*}Commodity averages based on truck rates for top producing states based on National Agricultural Statistics Service/USDA

¹National average includes: AR, CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, LA, MN, MS, ND, NE, OH, OK, OR, SD, TX, and WA.

²Commodity rates per mile include the average of the top 3 producing states within the region.

The **weekly diesel price** provides a proxy for trends in U.S. truck rates. Diesel fuel is a significant expense for truck grain movements, accounting for 37 percent of the estimated variable cost.

Table 12--Retail on-highway diesel prices*, week ending 05/16/05 (US\$/gallon)

			Chang	ge from
Region	Location	Price	Week ago	Year ago
I	East Coast	2.204	-0.033	0.504
	New England	2.380	-0.009	0.576
	Central Atlantic	2.315	-0.027	0.524
	Lower Atlantic	2.141	-0.038	0.489
II	Midwest	2.129	-0.028	0.441
III	Gulf Coast	2.141	-0.032	0.477
IV	Rocky Mountain	2.267	-0.051	0.316
V	West Coast	2.397	-0.084	0.147
	California	2.432	-0.086	0.092
Total	U.S.	2.189	-0.038	0.426

^{*}Diesel fuel prices include all taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration/U.S. Department of Energy (www.eia.doe.gov)

Grain Exports

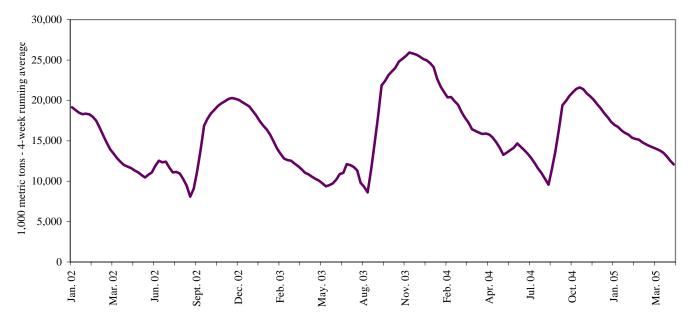
Table 13--U.S. export balances (1,000 metric tons)

			W	heat			Corn	Soybeans	Total
Week ending 1/	HRW	SRW	HRS	SWW	DUR	All wheat	•		
5/5/2005	1,052	125	1,087	489	121	2,874	7,098	1,682	11,654
This week year ago	1,434	301	902	404	144	3,185	9,699	1,403	14,287
Cumulative exports-crop year 2/									
2004/05 YTD	8,880	3,169	7,476	4,568	637	24,729	31,003	26,711	82,443
2003/04 YTD	11,883	3,644	6,336	4,730	1,041	27,634	33,103	22,594	83,331
2004/05 as % of 2003/04	75	87	118	97	61	89	94	118	99
2003/04 Total	12,697	3,785	6,928	4,889	1,053	29,353	47,704	24,102	101,159
2002/03 Total	6,896	2,899	6,645	3,517	720	20,677	39,646	28,908	89,231

Note: YTD = year-to-date. Crop year: wheat = 6/01-5/31, corn & soybeans = 9/01-8/31, 1/= Current outstanding unshipped export sales to date

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service/USDA (www.fas.usda.gov)

Figure 9
U.S. grain, unshipped export balance, including wheat, corn, and soybean sales



Source: Foreign Agricultural Service/USDA (www.fas.usda.gov)

^{2/ =} New crop year in effect for corn and soybean sales

Table 14--Select U.S. port regions - grain inspections for export (1,000 metric tons)

	Pa	acific Reg	ion	M	ississippi (Gulf	ŗ	Texas Gu	lf	F	ort Region tota	al
Week ending	Wheat	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat	Corn	Soybeans	Wheat	Corn	Soybeans	Pacific	Mississippi	Texas
05/12/05	192	244	121	83	411	133	132	0	0	556	626	132
2005 YTD	4,024	3,272	3,048	1,977	9,853	7,197	2,207	240	6	10,344	19,027	2,453
2004 YTD	4,294	3,879	1,703	2,814	11,838	5,588	3,639	49	7	9,875	20,241	3,695
2005 as % of 2004	94	84	179	70	83	129	61	487	86	105	94	66
2004 Total *	12,121	9,741	4,753	7,154	32,851	15,540	7,936	131	23	26,615	55,546	8,089

Source: Federal Grain Inspection Service/USDA (www.usda.gov/gipsa); YTD: year-to-date; * includes 53rd week

The United States exports approximately one-quarter of the grain it produces. On average, it includes nearly 45 percent of U.S.-grown wheat, 35 percent of U.S.-grown soybeans, and 20 percent of the U.S.-grown corn. Approximately 55 percent of these U.S. export grain shipments departed through the Mississippi Gulf region in 2004.

Figure 10 U.S. grain inspected for export (wheat, corn, and soybeans)



Source: Federal Grain Inspection Service/USDA (www.usda.gov/gipsa)

Ocean Transportation

Table 15--Weekly port region grain ocean vessel activity (number of vessels)

				Pacific	Vancouver
		Gulf		Northwest	B.C.
		Loaded	Due next		
Date	In port	7-days	10-days	In port	In port
5/12/2005	11	29	45	7	3
5/5/2005	15	32	44	6	7
2004 range	(1043)	(2573)	(3896)	(416)	(018)
2004 avg.	24	45	61	9	6

Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Figure 11 **Gulf Port grain vessel loading (past 7 days)**



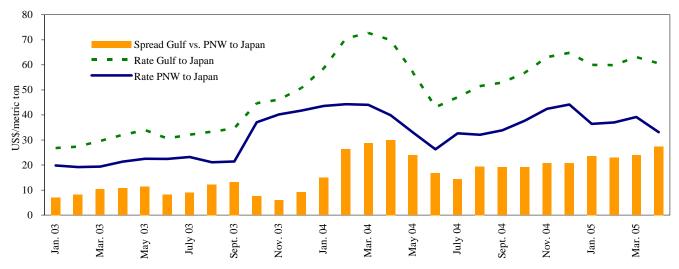
Source: Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Table 16--Quarterly ocean freight rates (average rates & percentage changes) (US\$/metric ton)

Countries/ regions	2005 1st qtr	2004 1st qtr	Percent change	Countries/ regions	2005 1st qtr	2004 1st qtr	Percent change
Gulf to	_			Pacific NW to			
Japan	\$60.18	\$73.75	-18	Japan			
China	\$57.50	\$46.63	23				
Taiwan		\$68.00		Argentina/Brazil to			
N. Africa	\$48.00	\$46.25	4	N. Africa	\$59.25	\$61.07	-3
Med. Sea		\$46.50		China			

Source: Maritime Research, Inc. (www.maritime-research.com)

Figure 12 **Grain vessel rates, U.S. to Japan**



Source: Baltic Exchange (www.balticexchange.com)

Table 17--Ocean freight rates for selected shipments, week ending 05/14/05

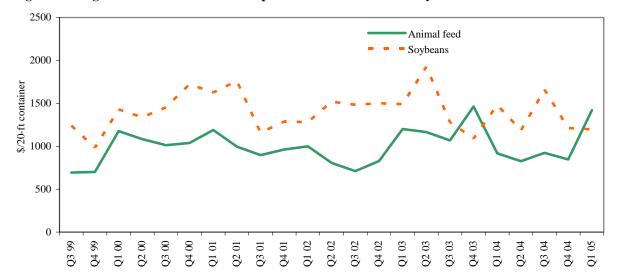
Export region	Import region	Grain	Month	Volume loads (metric tons)	Freight rate (\$/metric ton)
U.S. Gulf	Haiti*	Wheat	May 11/21	8,300	85.77
U.S. Gulf	Honduras	Wheat	May 11/21	9,330	39.99
U.S. Gulf	Eritrea	Wheat	May 12/22	4,240	78.00
U.S. Gulf	Ethiopia	Wheat & Sorghum	Apr 21/ May 1	43,700	77.00
U.S. Gulf	Nicaragua	Wheat	May 10/20	11,399	53.13
U.S. Gulf	Nicaragua	Wheat	May 10/20	3,790	49.00
PNW	Kenya	Wheatflour	Mar 5/15	34,000	74.00
Ukraine	Morocco	Wheat	May 9/10	24,000	27.50
River Plate	Poland	Hvy Grain	Apr 20/30	30,000	64.00

 $Rates\ shown\ are\ for\ metric\ ton\ (2,204.62\ lbs.=1\ metric\ ton),\ F.O.B.,\ except\ where\ otherwise\ indicates;\ op=option$

Source: Maritime Research Inc. (www.maritime-research.com)

^{*}Most food aid from the United States is required to be shipped on U.S. flag vessels. The vessels are limited in availability resulting in higher rates. In addition, destinations receiving food aid generally lack adequate port unloading facilities, requiring the vessel to remain in port for a longer duration than normal.

Figure 13
Weighted average rates¹ for containerized shipments of animal feed and soybeans to selected Asian countries



¹Animal Feed: Busan-Korea (22%), Kaohsiung-Taiwan (28%), Tokyo-Japan (38%), Hong Kong (9%), Bangkok-Thailand (3%) and soybeans: Busan-Korea (1%), Keelung-Taiwan (81%), Tokyo-Japan (12%), Bangkok-Thailand (4%), Hong Kong (1%) Quarter 1, 2005.

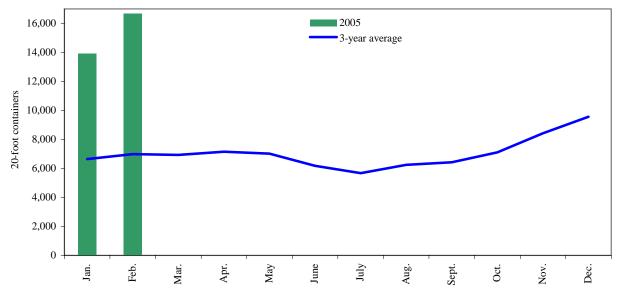
Source: Ocean Rate Bulletin, Transportation & Marketing Programs/AMS/USDA

Container ocean freight rates – average rate per twenty-foot equivalent unit (TEU) weighted by shipping line market share and trade route.

The percentage of U.S. grain exported in containers was 3 percent in 2004.

Figure 14

Monthly shipments of containerized grain to Asia for 2005 compared with a 3-year average

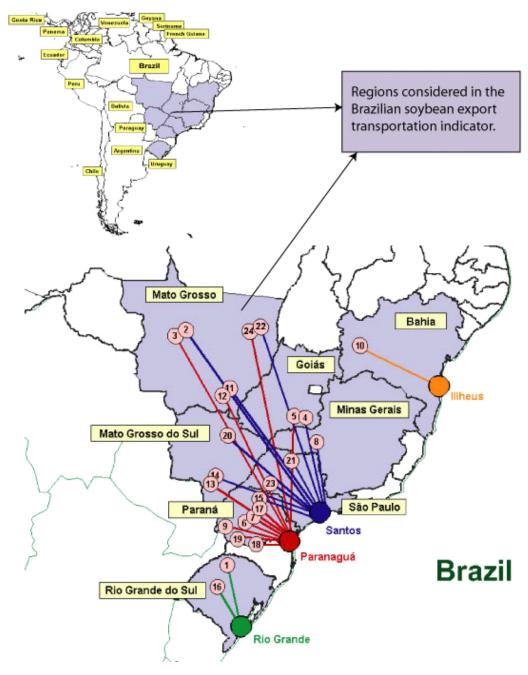


Source: Port Import Export Reporting Service (PIERS), Journal of Commerce

Note: PIERS data is available with a lag of approximately 40 days

Brazil Transportation

Figure 15 Routes and Regions considered in the Brazilian soybean export transportation indicator 1



¹Regions comprised 84 percent of Brazilian soybean production, 2003 Source: ESALQ/USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil) and USDA/AMS

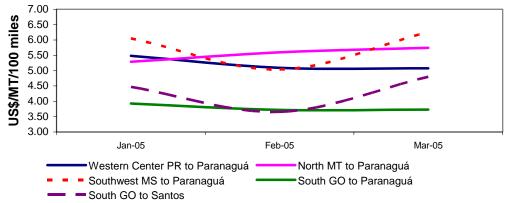
Table 18--Truck rates for selected Brazilian soybean export transportation routes, 1st quarter 2005

	Origin ¹		Distance		Freight price
Route #	(reference city)	Destination	(miles) ²	Weight(%) ³	(per 100 miles) ⁴
1	Northwest RS ⁵ (Cruz Alta)	Rio Grande	288	16.6	4.46
2	North MT(Sorriso)	Santos	1190	10.1	5.86
3	North MT(Sorriso)	Paranaguá	1262	9.5	5.54
4	South GO(Rio Verde)	Santos	587	7.0	4.40
5	South GO(Rio Verde)	Paranaguá	726	5.6	3.79
6	North Center PR(Londrina)	Paranaguá	268	4.4	7.19
7	Western Center PR(Mamborê)	Paranaguá	311	3.9	5.22
8	Triangle MG(Uberaba)	Santos	339	3.8	7.28
9	West PR(Assis Chateaubriand)	Paranaguá	377	3.7	5.83
10	West Extreme BA(São Desidério)	Ilhéus	544	3.6	6.53
11	Southeast MT(Primavera do Leste)	Santos	901	3.6	6.18
12	Southeast MT(Primavera do Leste)	Paranaguá	975	3.3	6.22
13	Southwest MS(Maracaju)	Paranaguá	612	3.1	5.78
14	Southwest MS(Maracaju)	Santos	652	2.9	5.84
15	West PR(Assis Chateaubriand)	Santos	550	2.5	6.18
16	Western Center RS(Tupanciretã)	Rio Grande	273	2.4	5.03
17	Southwest PR(Chopinzinho)	Paranaguá	291	2.3	6.00
18	Eastern Center PR(Castro)	Paranaguá	130	2.3	10.20
19	South Center PR(Guarapuava)	Paranaguá	204	2.1	8.39
20	North Center MS(São Gabriel do Oeste)	Santos	720	2.0	5.39
21	Ribeirão Preto SP(Guairá)	Santos	314	1.5	6.38
22	Northeast MT(Canarana)	Santos	950	1.4	6.66
23	Assis SP(Palmital)	Santos	285	1.2	6.16
24	Northeast MT(Canarana)	Paranaguá	1075	1.2	5.90
	Average	-	626	100	5.67

Although each origin region comprises several cities, the main city is considered as a reference to establish the freight price

Figure 16

Truck rates for selected Brazilian soybean export transportation routes



Source: ESALQ/ USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil) and USDA/AMS

²Distance from the main city of the considered region to the mentioned ports

³The weight is directly proportional to the amount of production in each region

⁴US\$ per metric ton (average monthly exchange rate from "Banco Central do Brasil" was used to convert Brazilian reais to the U.S. dollar)

⁵RS = Rio Grande Do Sul, MT= Mato Grosso, GO = Goiás, PR = Paraná, MG = Minas Gerais, BA = Bahia, MS = Mato Grosso Do Sul, SP = São Paulo Source: ESALQ/USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil) and USDA/AMS

Table 19--Monthly Brazilian soybean export truck transportation cost index

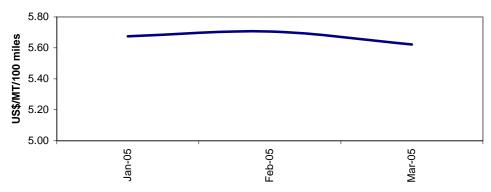
Month	Freight price* (per 100 miles)	Index variation (%) (Base: prior month)	Index value (Base: Jan. 05 = 100)
Jan. 05	5.67		100.00
Feb. 05	5.71	0.5	100.54
Mar. 05	5.62	-1.5	99.08

^{*}weighted average and quoted in US\$ per metric ton

Source: ESALQ/USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil) and USDA/AMS

Figure 17

Brazilian soybean export truck transportation weighted average prices, 2005



Source: ESALQ/USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil) and USDA/AMS

Table 20--Quarterly ocean freight rates for shipping soybeans from selected Brazilian ports to Hamburg, Germany (US\$/metric ton)*

	2005	
Ports	1st qtr	
Santos	\$45.53	
Paranagua	\$44.64	
Rio Grande	\$44.20	

^{*}correspond to the average actual values negotiated between shippers and carriers and weighted according to the magnitude of the shipped volumes Source: Sistema de Informações de Fretes, SIFRECA, ESALQ/USP (University of São Paulo, Brazil)

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Related Websites

Agricultural Container Indicators
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